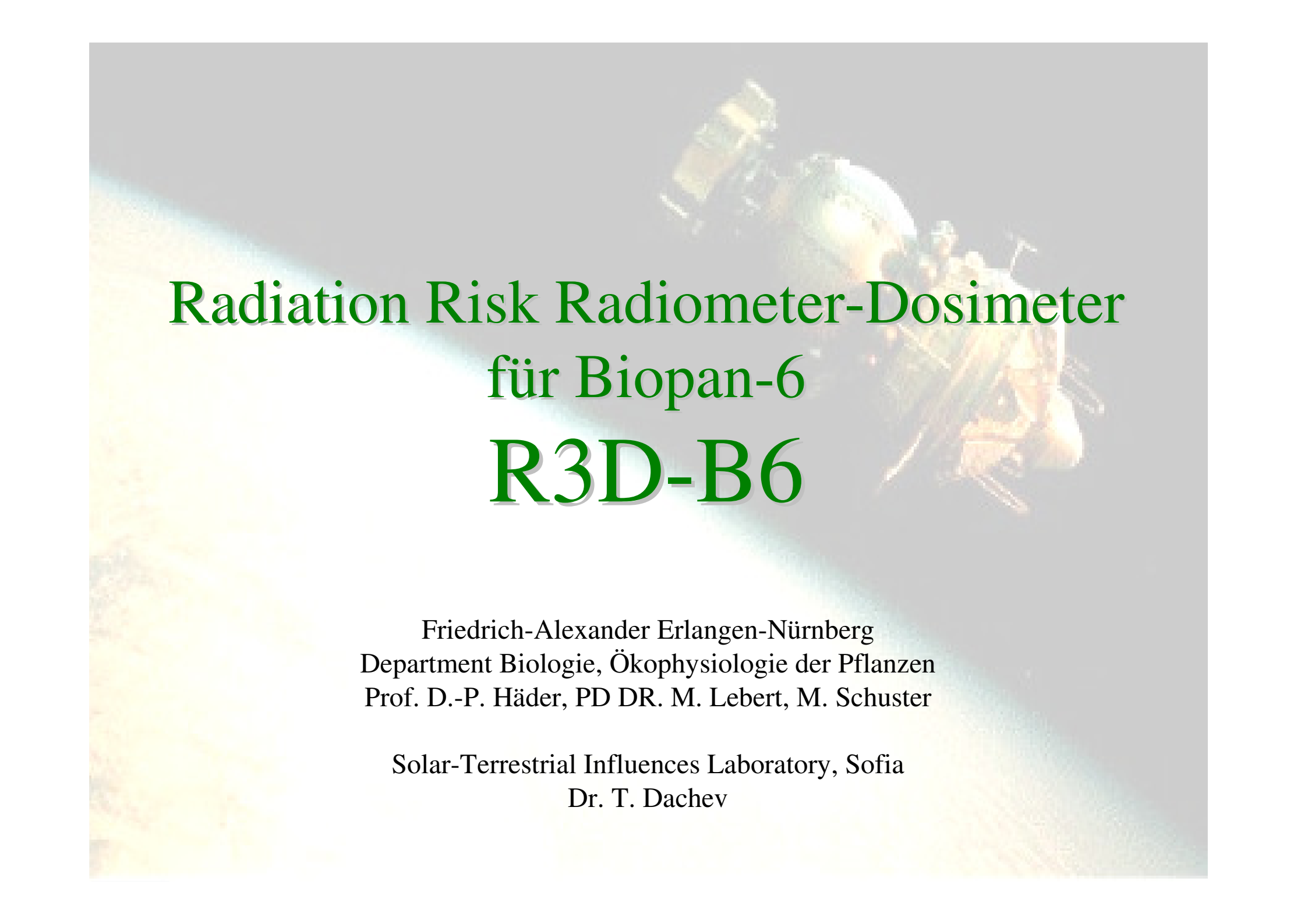
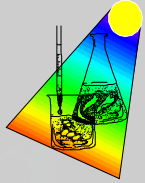




Radiation Risk Radiometer-Dosimeter für Biopan-6 R3D-B6

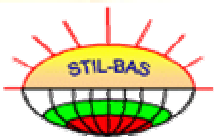
Friedrich-Alexander Erlangen-Nürnberg
Department Biologie, Ökophysiologie der Pflanzen
Prof. D.-P. Häder, PD DR. M. Lebert, M. Schuster

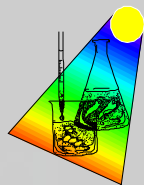
Solar-Terrestrial Influences Laboratory, Sofia
Dr. T. Dachev



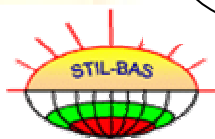
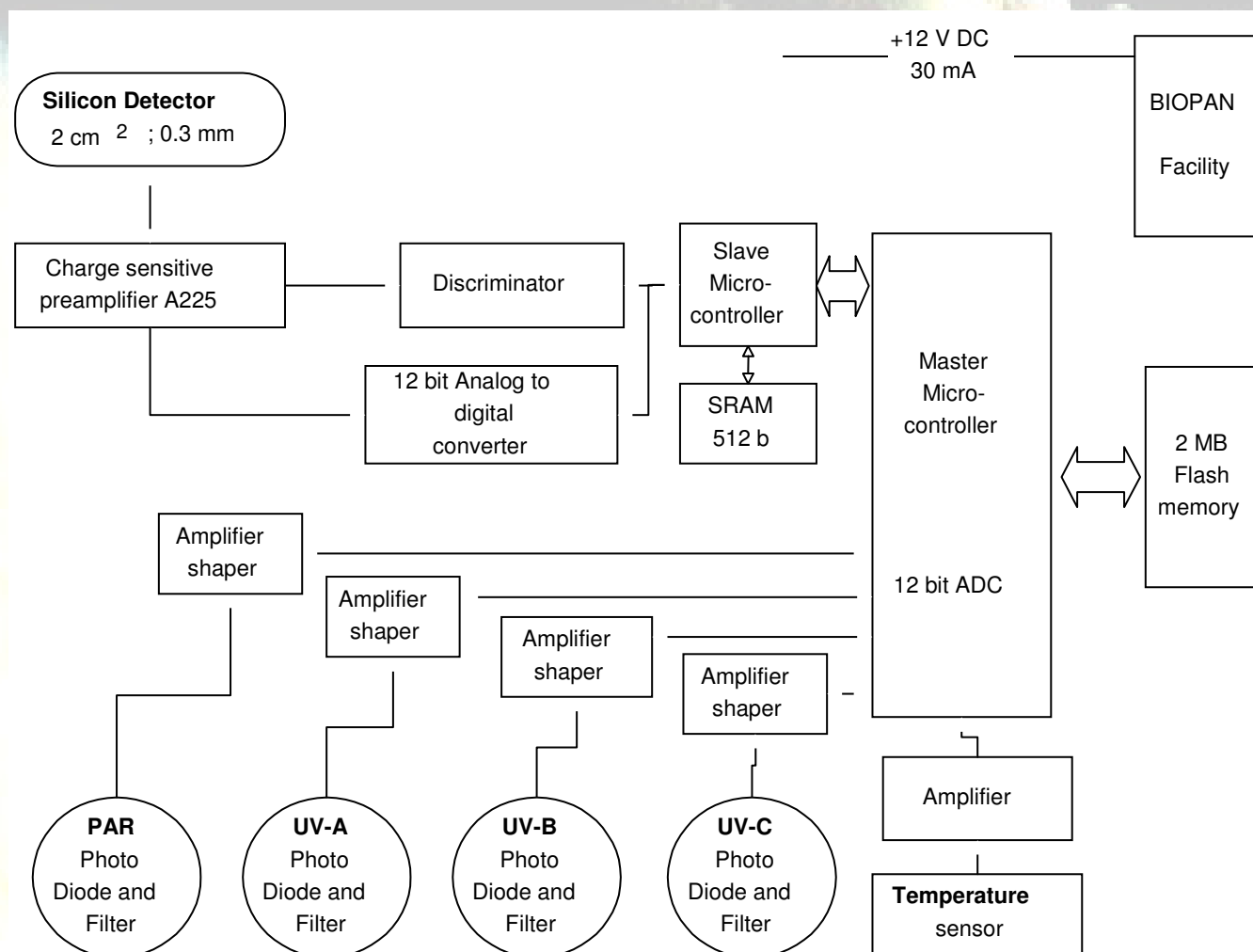
Messungen mit dem R3D-B

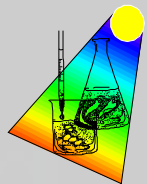
- Messung der solaren und der kosmischen ionisierenden Strahlung außerhalb des Foton Satelliten in der Biopan während der gesamten Mission
- Solarstrahlung im UV-A (315 - 400 nm), UV-B (280 - 315 nm), UV-C (170 - 280 nm) und PAR (photosynthetisch aktive Strahlung, 400 - 700 nm) mit einem 4-Kanal Filter Dosimeter sowie die Temperatur
- Kosmische ionisierende Strahlung mit einem automatischen Partikel-dosimeter, das in mGy/h und Particle/cm² s misst
- Untersuchung der globalen Verteilung der absorbierten Dosis und des Fluxes
- Verifikation und Verbesserung der Methoden für Raumdosismetrie bei Langzeit-Raumflügen (EXPOSE-R/-EUTEF)



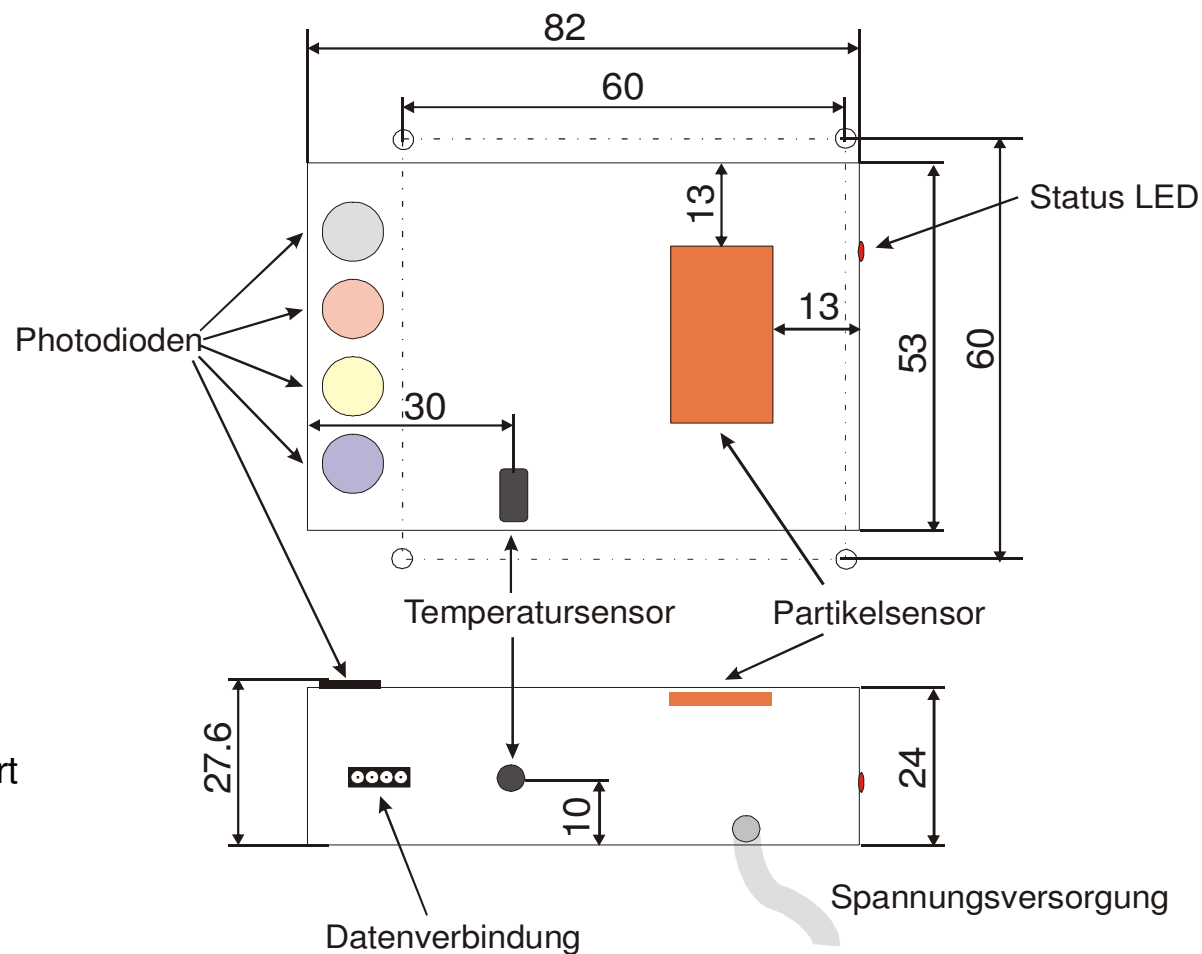


Blockdiagramm des R3D-B

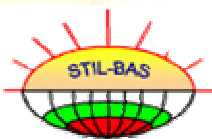


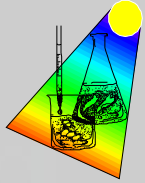


Abmessungen R3D-B



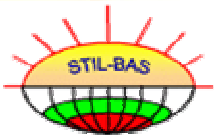
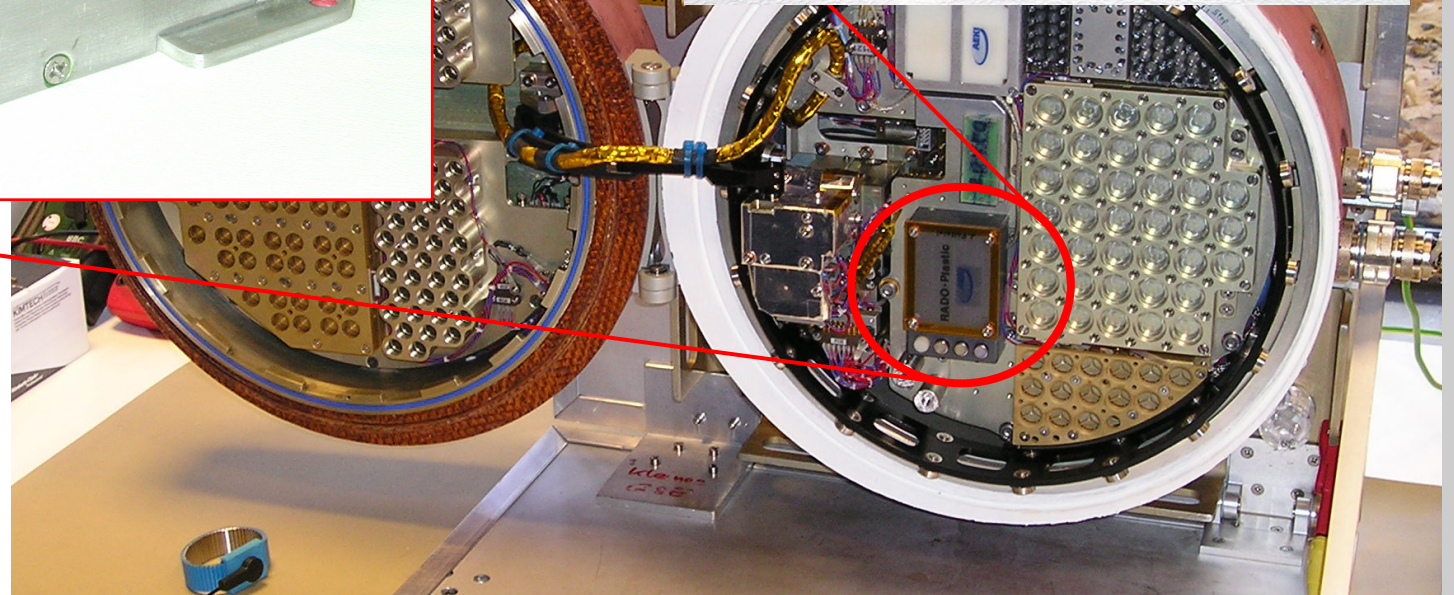
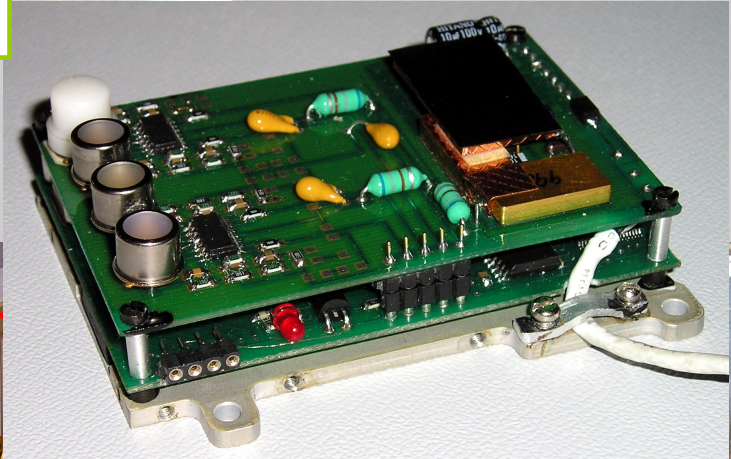
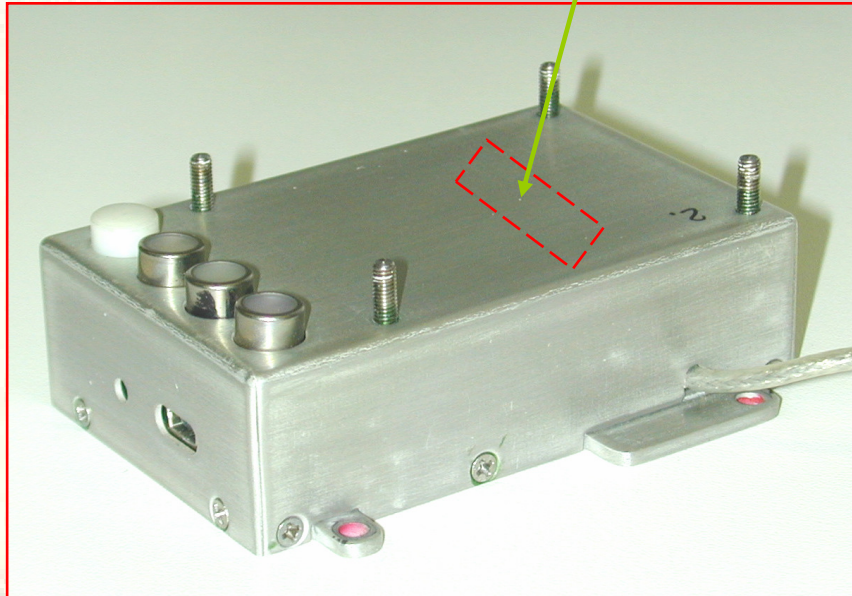
82 x 57 x 25 mm
ca. 129 g
84 mW
Aluminum anodisiert





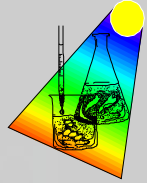
Position des R3D im Biopan-6

Detektor 256 Kanäle



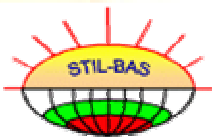
Strahlen-/Astrobiologie Statusseminar 12./13. Juni 2008, Kiel

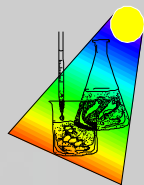




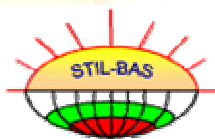
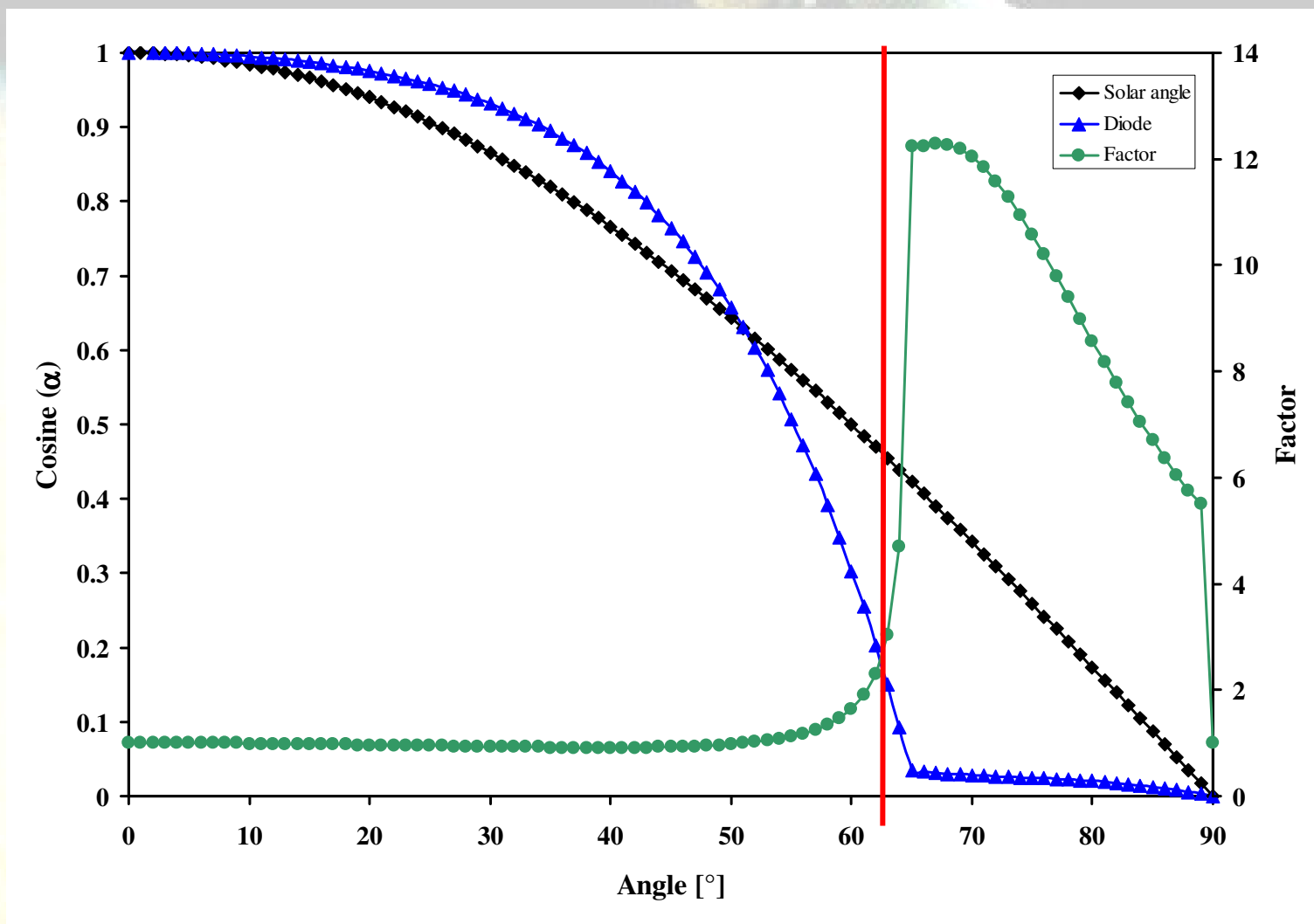
Rekalibrierung der R3D-B Daten

- Die gemessenen digitalen Rohdaten wurden rekalibriert, um die Winkelabhängigkeit der Photodioden in eine Cosinusabhängigkeit umzurechnen
- Die Winkelabhängigkeit der Diode ist die “Referenzkurve” und Korrekturfaktoren wurden für jeden Einstrahlungswinkel für jede UV Diode bestimmt
- Die Rohdaten wurden mit diesen Faktoren multipliziert
- PAR wurde nicht rekalibriert, da der Sensor mit einer Teflonkappe abgedeckt war, die als Diffusor dient
- Die Berechnung der Bestrahlungsstärke [W m^{-2}] wurde über das relevante Solarspektrum durchgeführt



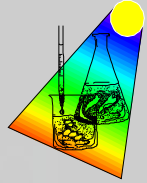


Cosinus, Winkelabhängigkeit und Korrekturfaktoren



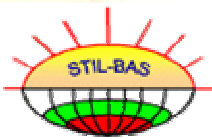
Strahlen-/Astrobiologie Statusseminar 12./13. Juni 2008, Kiel

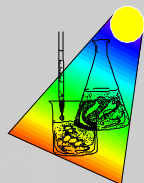




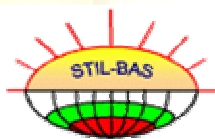
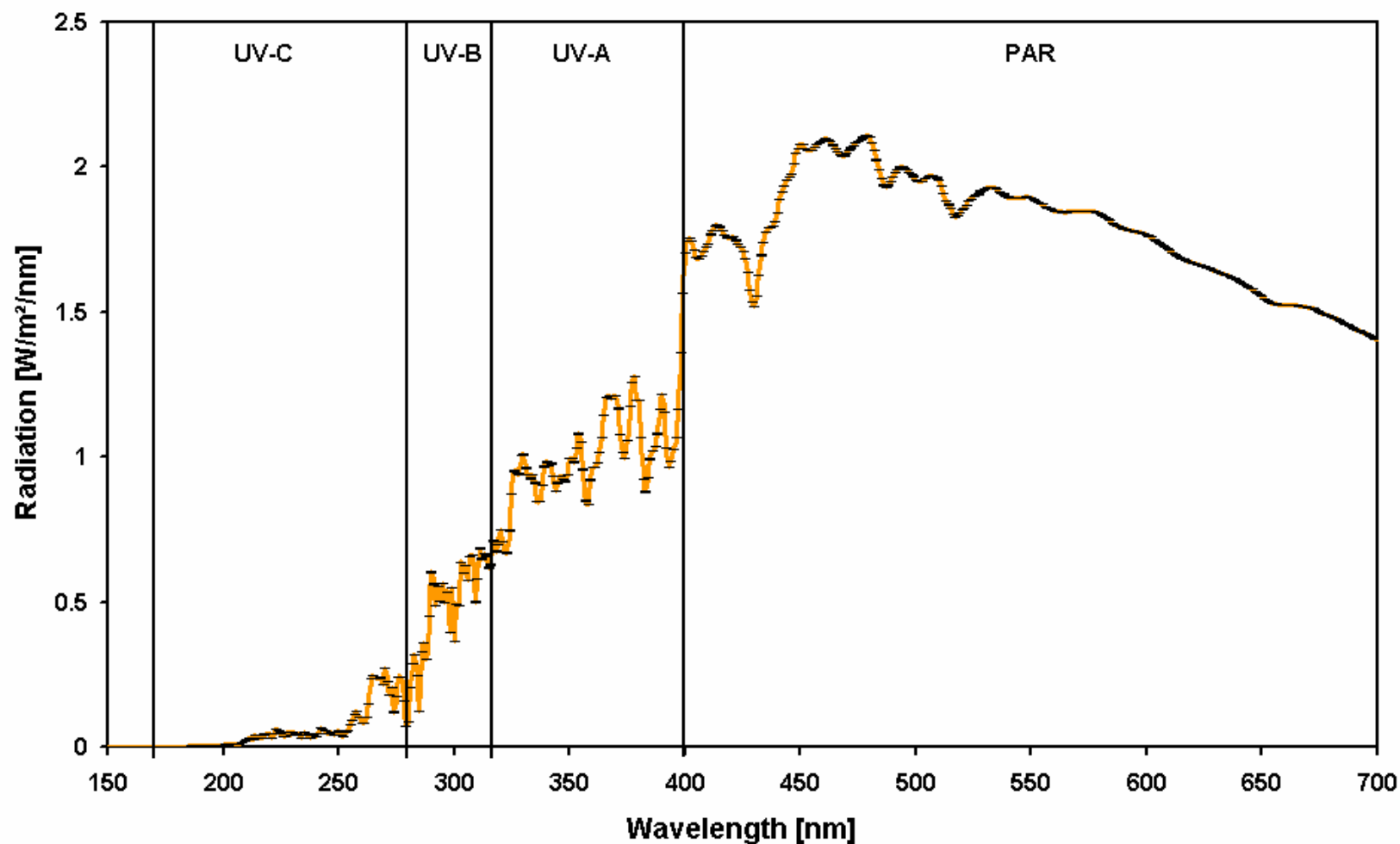
Extraterrestrisches Solarspektrum

- SORCE (Solar Radiation and Climate Experiment) der NASA
- Messung der Solarstrahlung mit einem Spektroradiometer
- Homepage für Daten:
http://lasp.colorado.edu/sorce/sorce_data_access/
- Satellit seit 25. Januar 2003 im Orbit: 645 km (Foton: 260 – 305 km)
- Wellenlängenbereich: 1 – 2000 nm
- Daten vom 12.09. – 28.09.2007
- Die Mittelwerte wurden benutzt



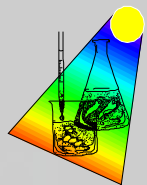


Solarspektrum



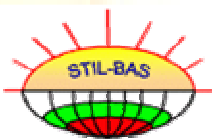
Strahlen-/Astrobiologie Statusseminar 12./13. Juni 2008, Kiel

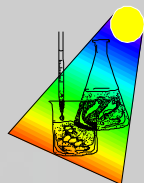




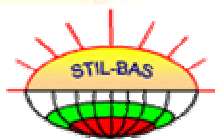
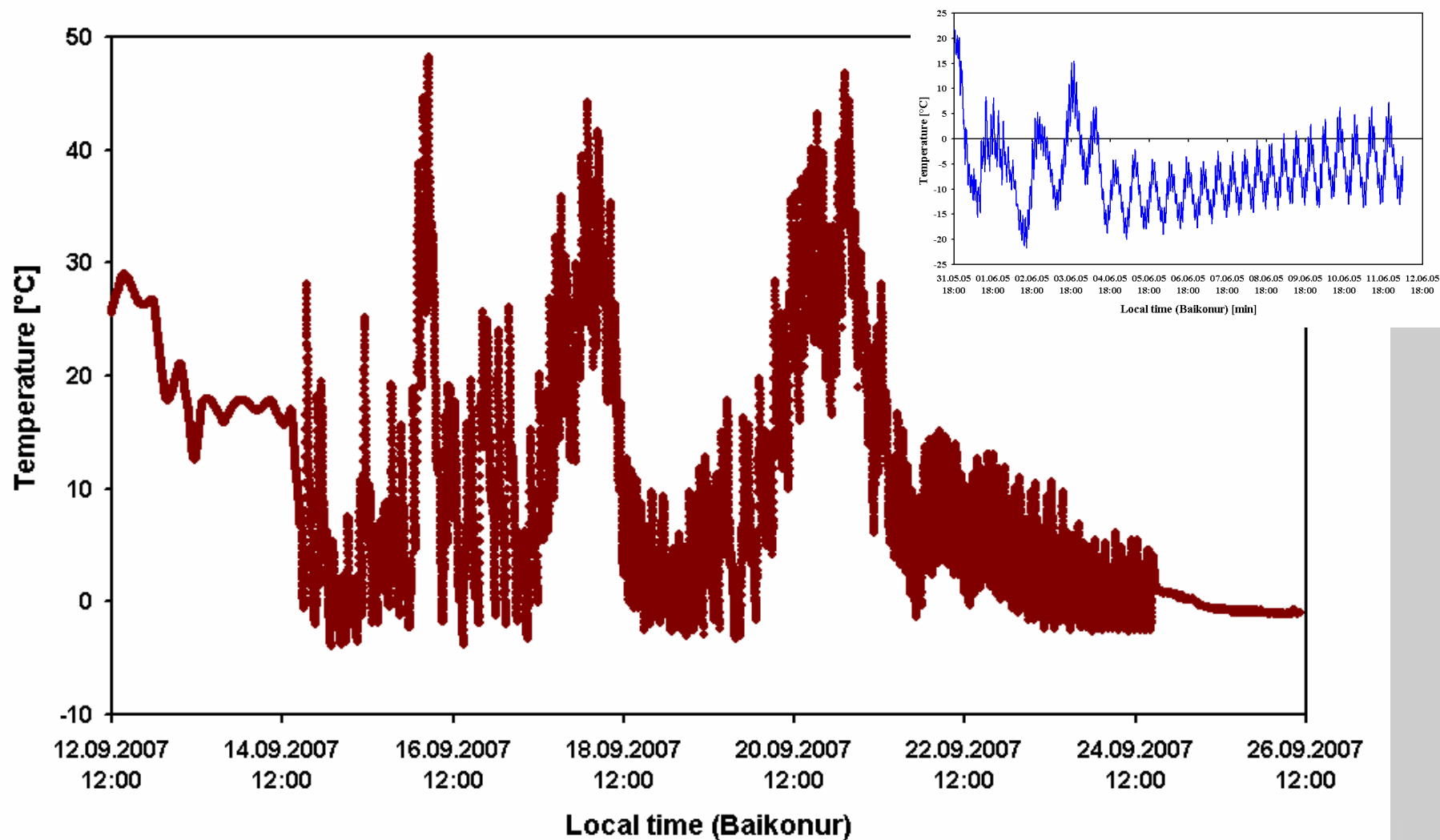
Wellenlängenbereiche

Band	Wellenlängen [nm]	Bestrahlungsstärke [W/m ²]
PAR	400 – 700	536.57
UV-A	315 – 400	84.16
UV-B	280 – 315	16.80
UV-C	170 – 280	6.36



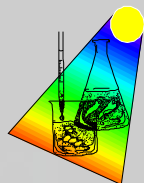


Temperatur

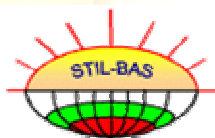
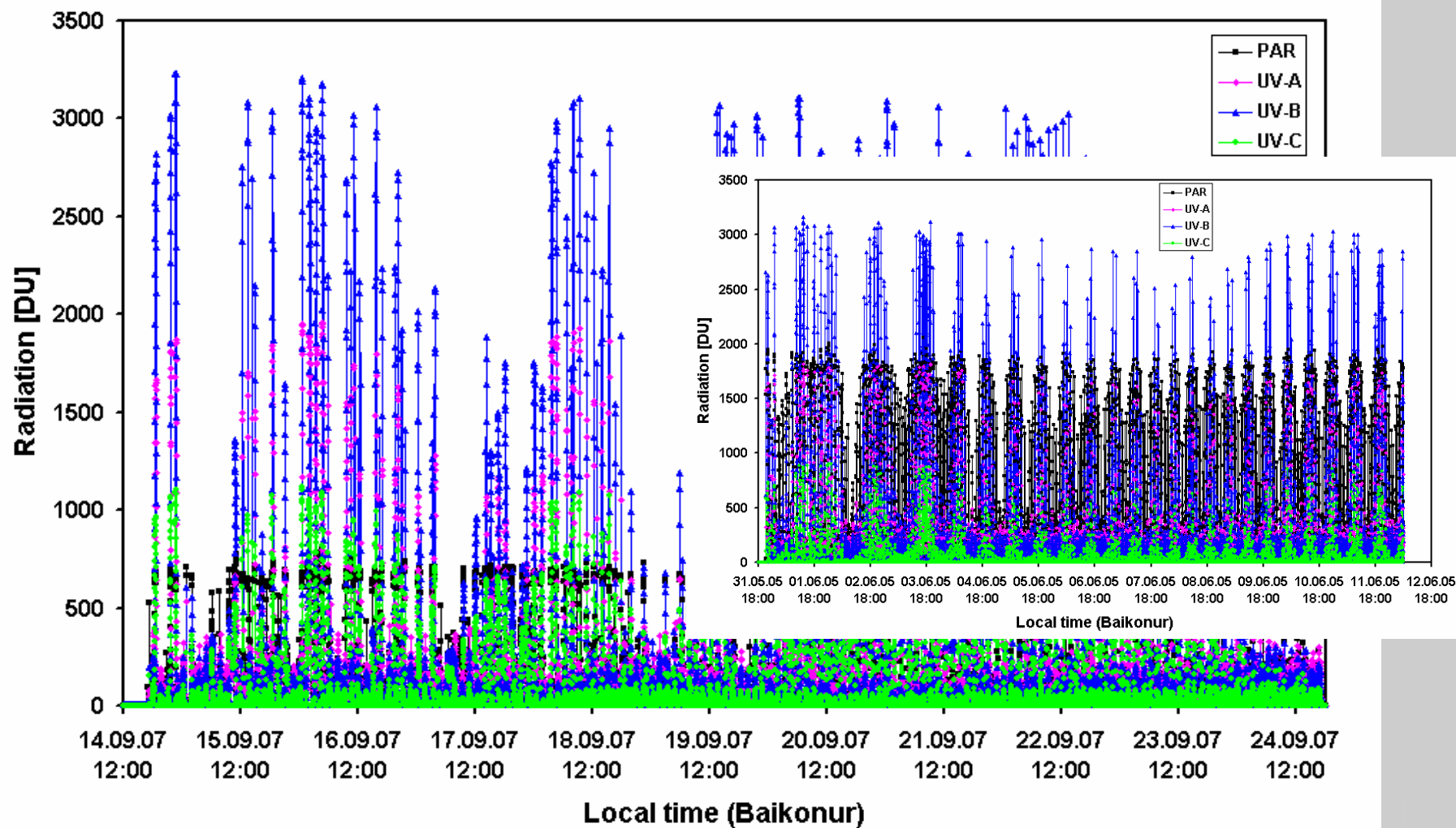


Strahlen-/Astrobiologie Statusseminar 12./13. Juni 2008, Kiel



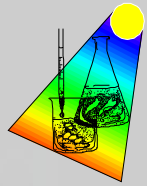


BeRohwertes Wrtefeld D-B6

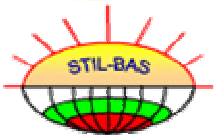
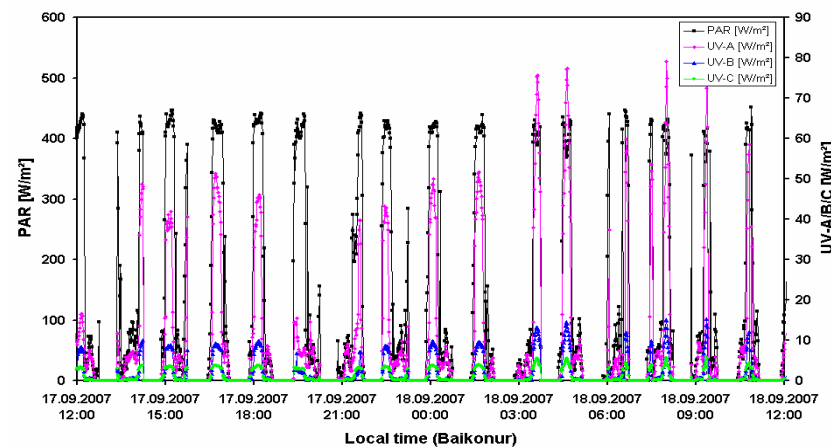
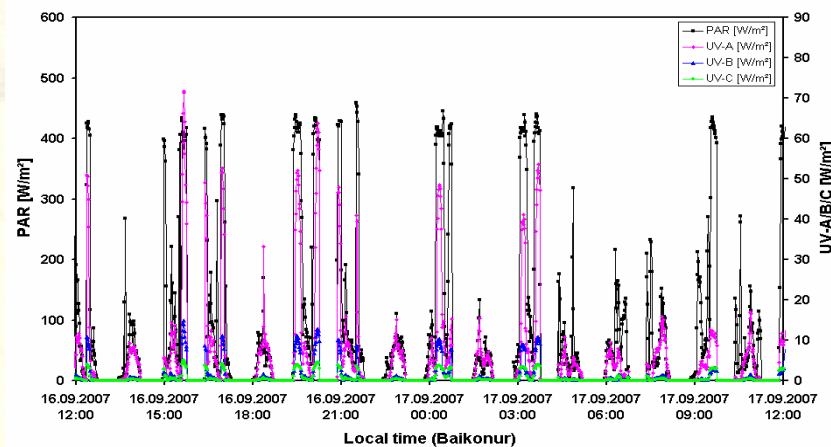
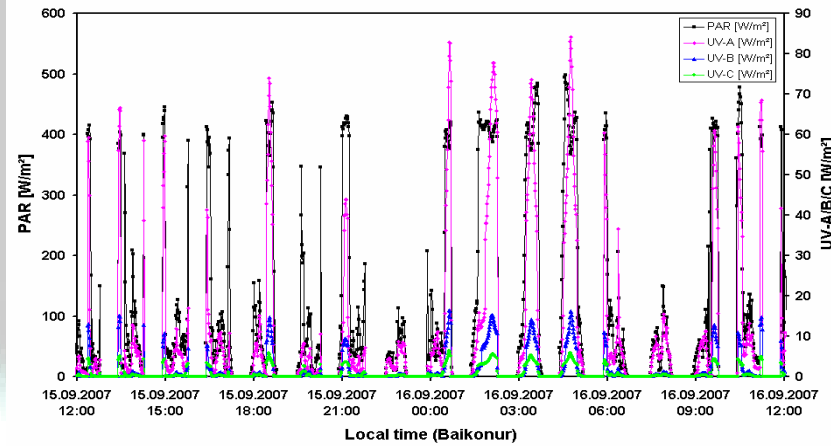
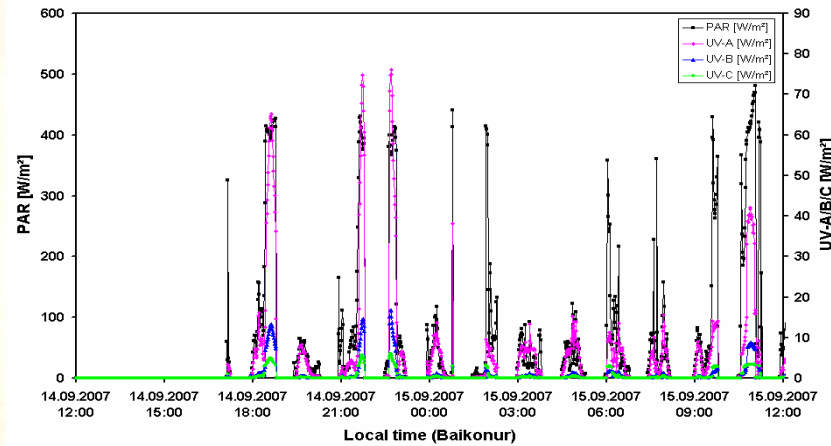


Strahlen-/Astrobiologie Statusseminar 12./13. Juni 2008, Kiel



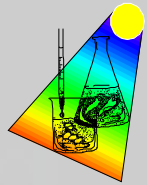


Tägliche Bestrahlungsstärke R3D-B6

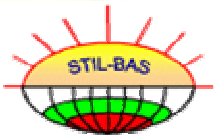
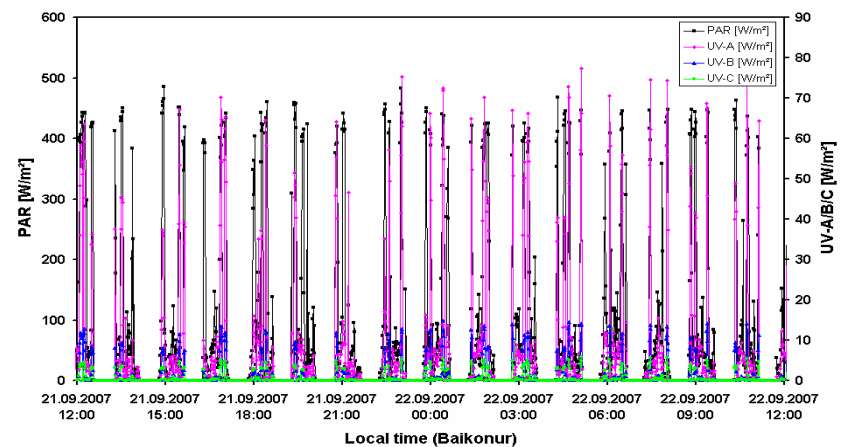
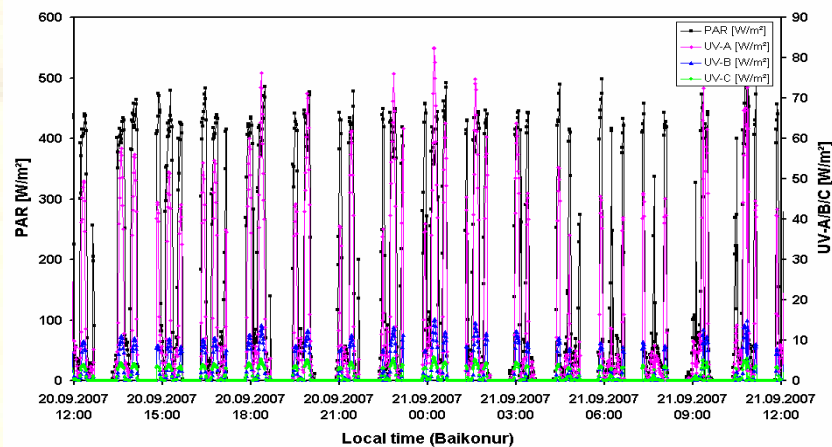
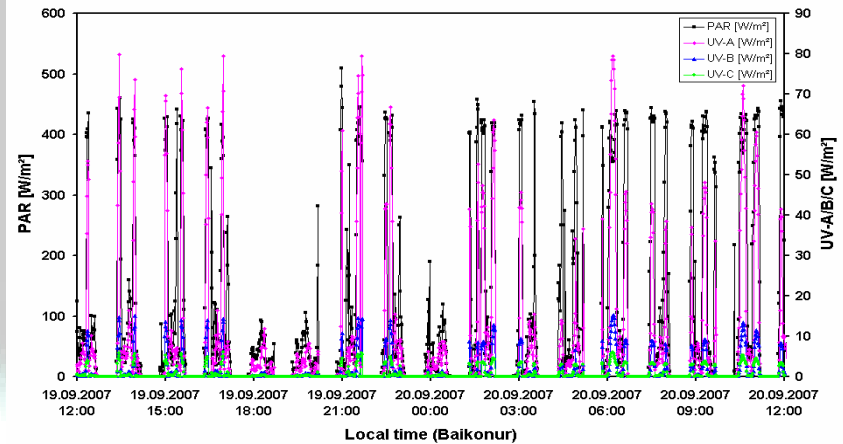
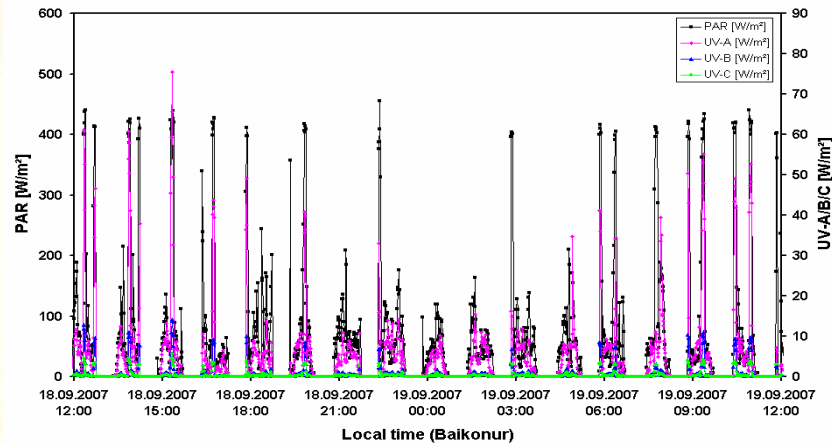


Strahlen-/Astrobiologie Statusseminar 12./13. Juni 2008, Kiel



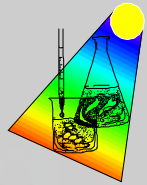


Tägliche Bestrahlungsstärke R3D-B6

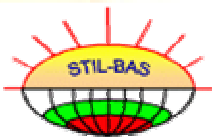
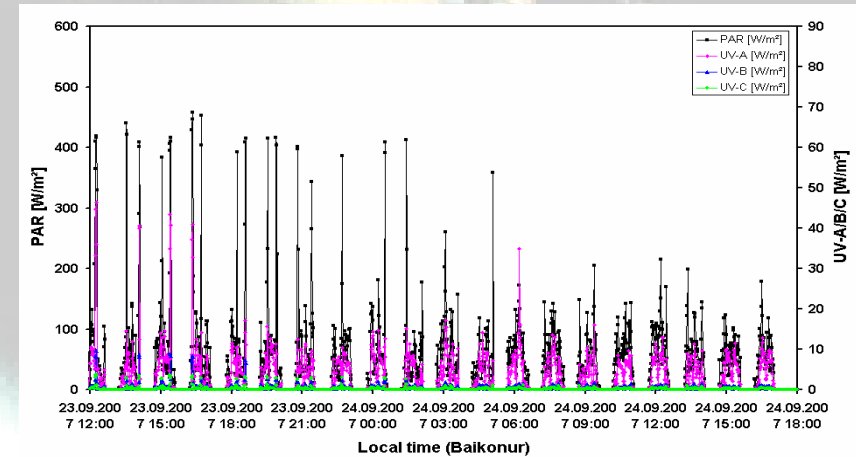
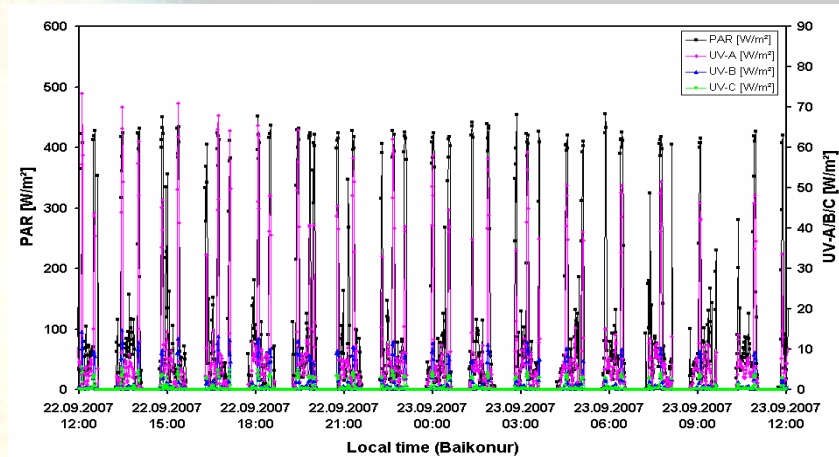


Strahlen-/Astrobiologie Statusseminar 12./13. Juni 2008, Kiel



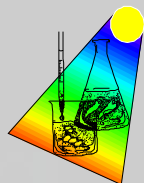


Tägliche Bestrahlungsstärke R3D-B6



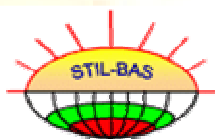
Strahlen-/Astrobiologie Statusseminar 12./13. Juni 2008, Kiel

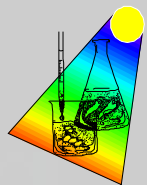




Dosen R3D-B6

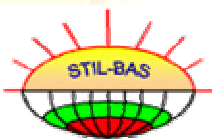
Tag	PAR [kJ/m ²]	UV-A [kJ/m ²]	UV-B [kJ/m ²]	UV-C [kJ/m ²]
14.09.2007	1721.5	194.8	36.3	15.3
15.09.2007	4871.6	363.5	59.6	32.8
16.09.2007	7813.0	775.8	138.0	61.0
17.09.2007	7897.7	492.0	93.8	53.4
18.09.2007	6289.5	581.6	98.8	46.1
19.09.2007	5134.0	461.6	71.6	34.1
20.09.2007	10067.5	839.9	152.4	75.5
21.09.2007	7713.9	664.2	118.7	56.2
22.09.2007	6381.1	593.8	98.2	46.2
23.09.2007	4717.2	347.6	49.1	28.4
24.09.2007	2259.6	173.9	17.7	8.8
Mission Dosis	64.9 MJ/m²	5.5 MJ/m²	0.9 MJ/m²	0.5 MJ/m²

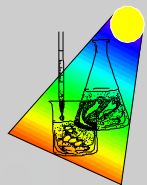




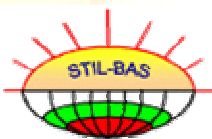
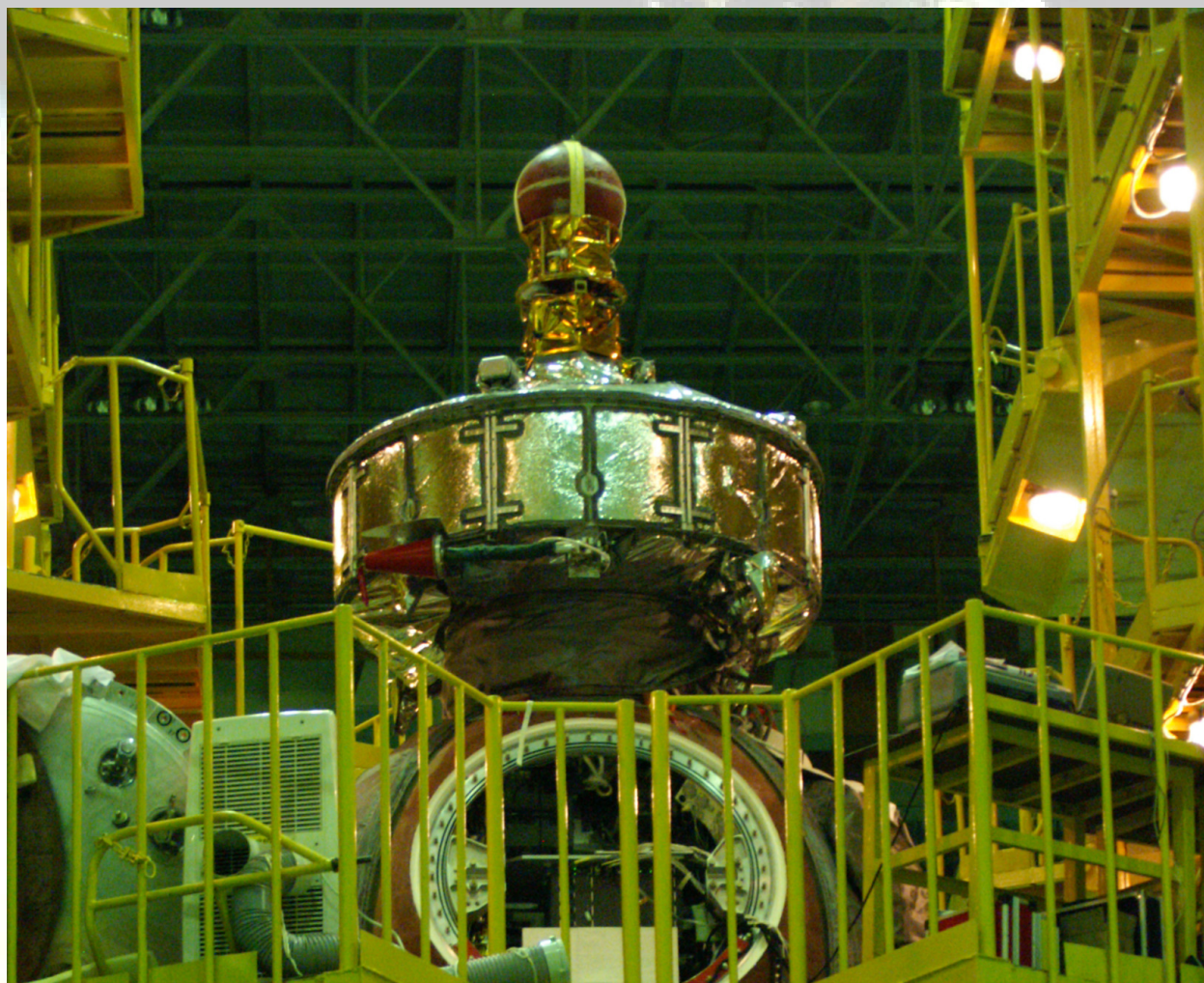
Sonnenscheindauer R3D-B6

Bereich	Wellenlängen [nm]	Sonnenscheindauer [h]
PAR	400 - 700	135.6
UV-A	315 – 400	131.5
UV-B	280 – 315	123.6
UV-C	170 – 280	116.7



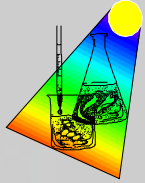


Biopan Position auf Foton M3

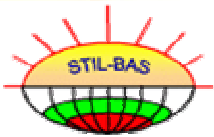


Strahlen-/Astrobiologie Statusseminar 12./13. Juni 2008, Kiel



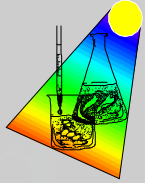


Biopan Position auf Foton M3

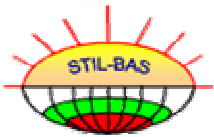
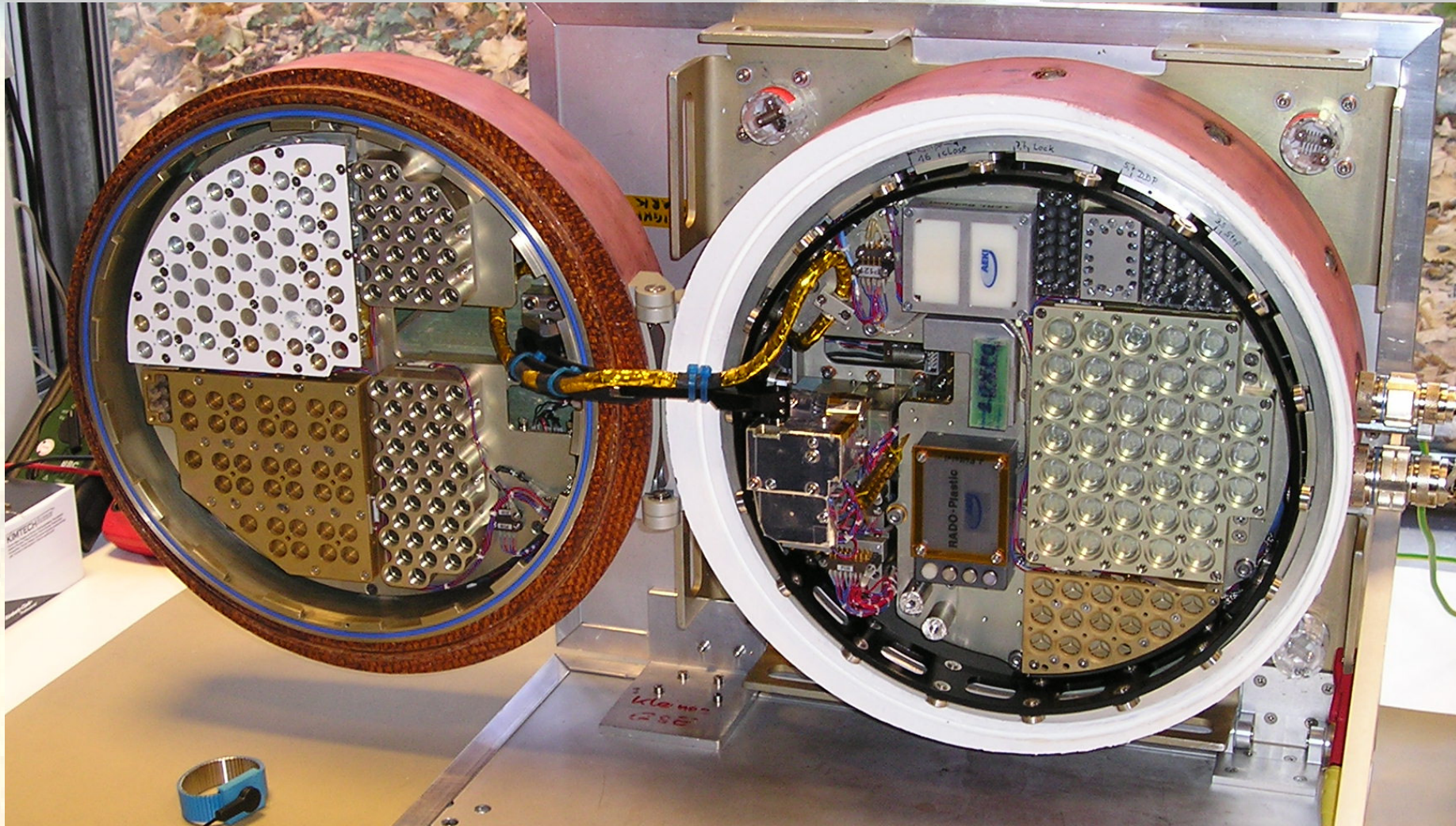


Strahlen-/Astrobiologie Statusseminar 12./13. Juni 2008, Kiel



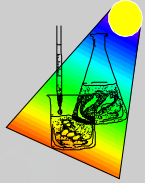


R3D in Biopan 6

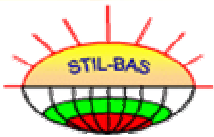
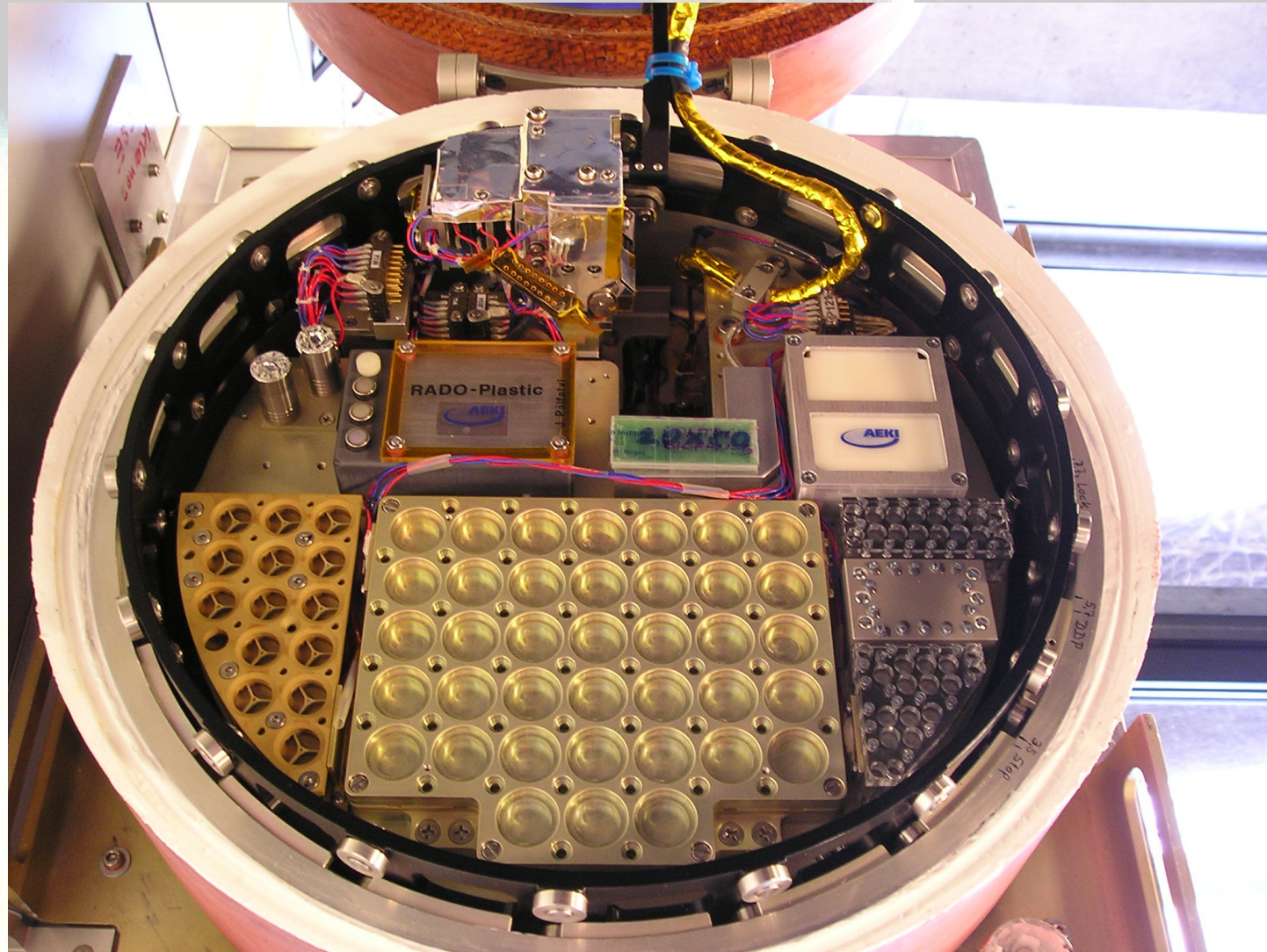


Strahlen-/Astrobiologie Statusseminar 12./13. Juni 2008, Kiel



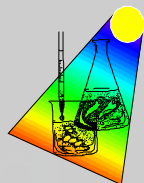


Biopan und R3D



Strahlen-/Astrobiologie Statusseminar 12./13. Juni 2008, Kiel





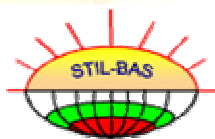
Dosimeter

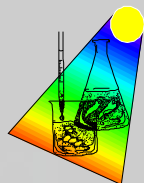
Der solid state Detektor lag hinter 1.0 mm Aluminium + 0.1 mm Kupfer + 0.2 mm Plastikmaterial + RADO Experiment

Das ergibt insgesamt ein Shielding von 0.81 g/cm².

Biopan 5 waren es 1.75 g/cm²

	Dosis pro Tag (Mittelwert)	Dosis pro Stunde (Mittelwert)	Shielding
R3D-B2	213 µGy	8.89 mGy	1.75 g/cm ²
R3D-B3	278 µGy	11.60 µGy	0.81 g/cm ²

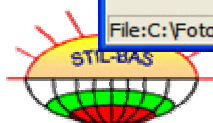
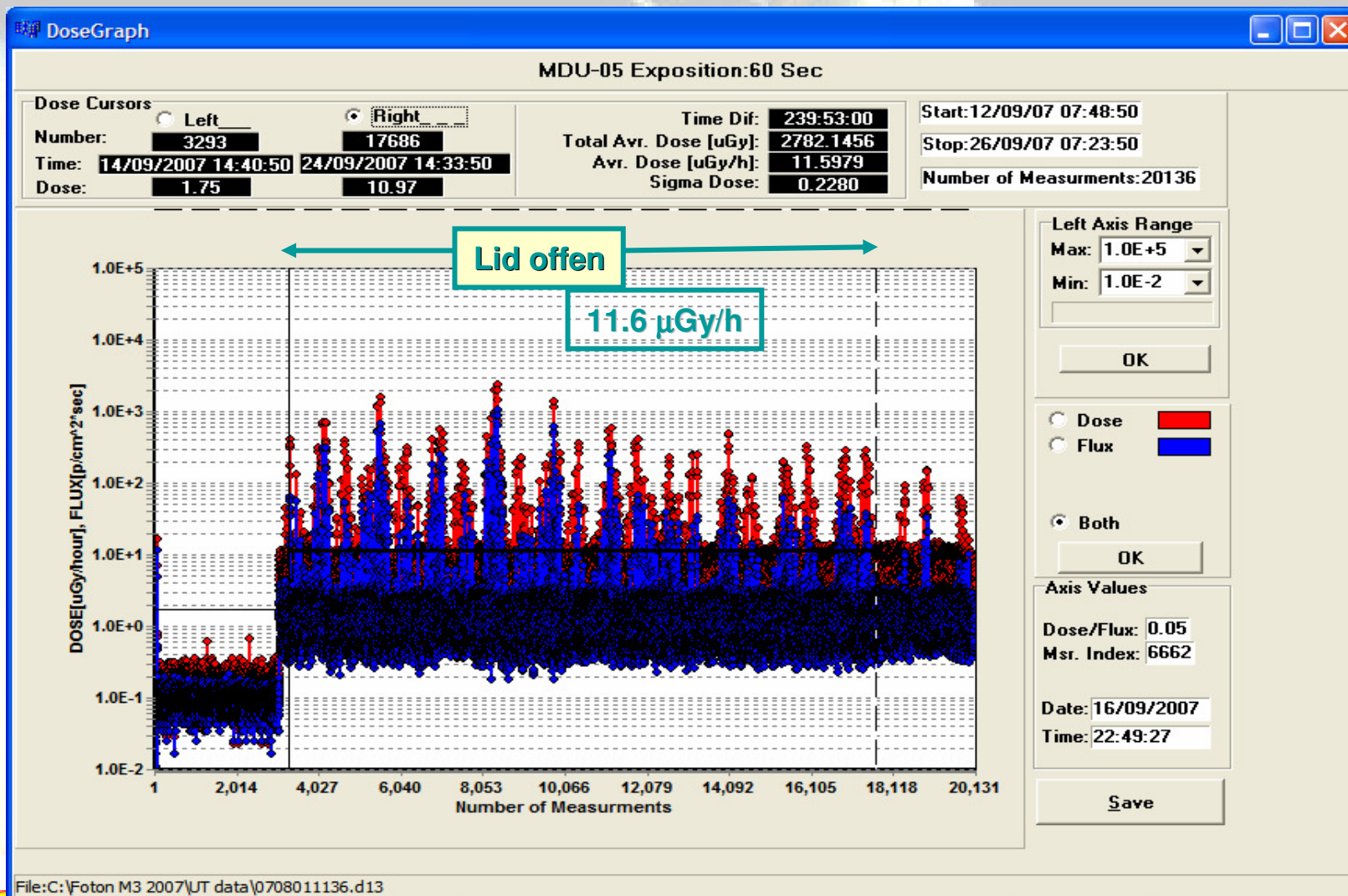


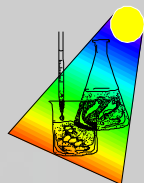


Strahlungsdaten auf Foton M3



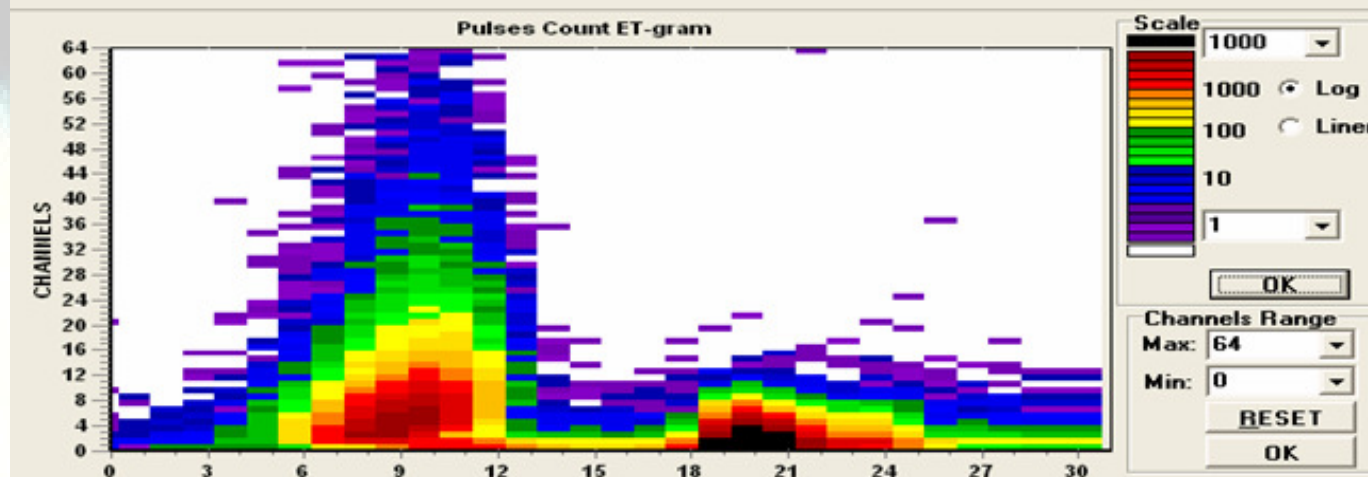
R3D-B3 60 s Exposition



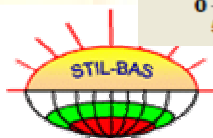
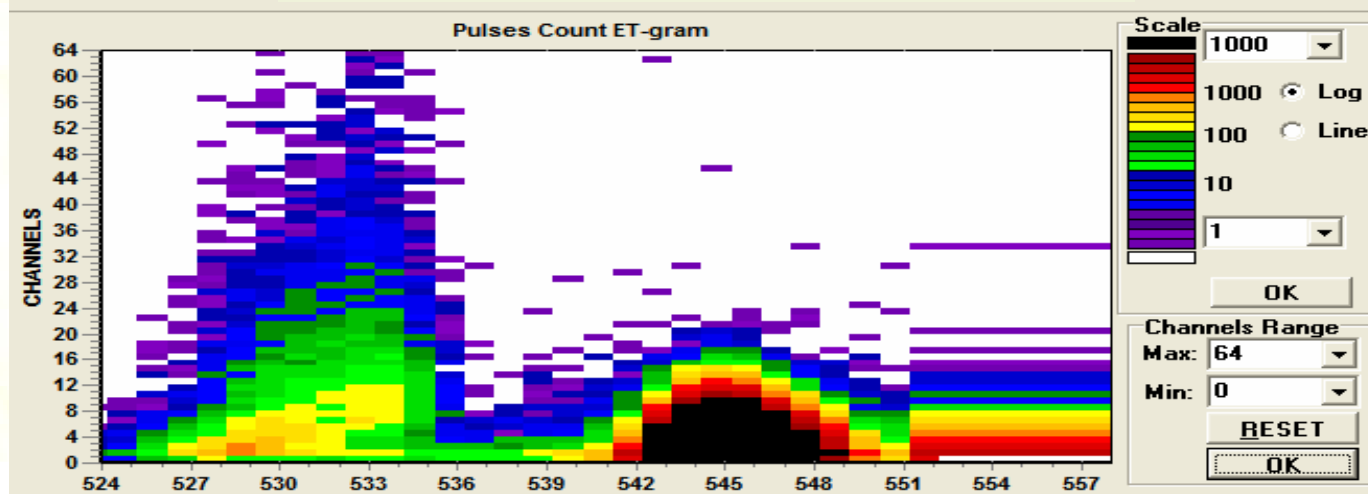


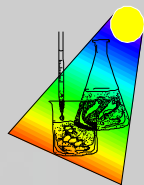
Foton M2 und M3 Vergleich

Foton M2 R3D-B2 60 s Exposition

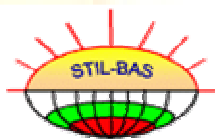
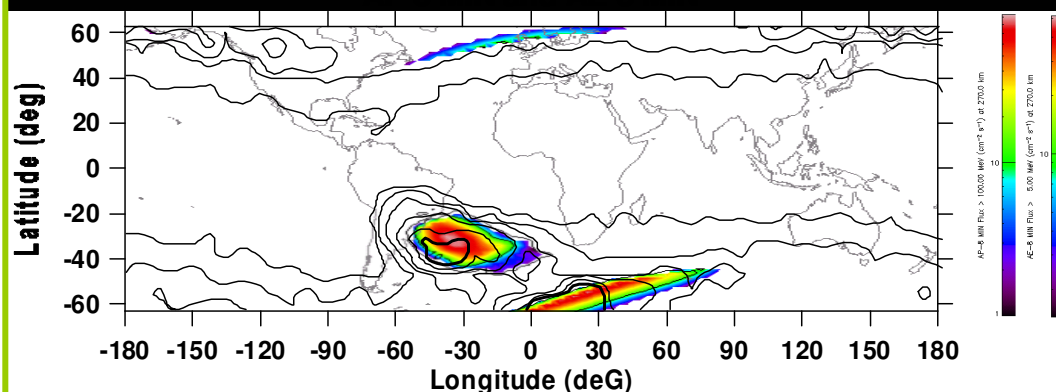
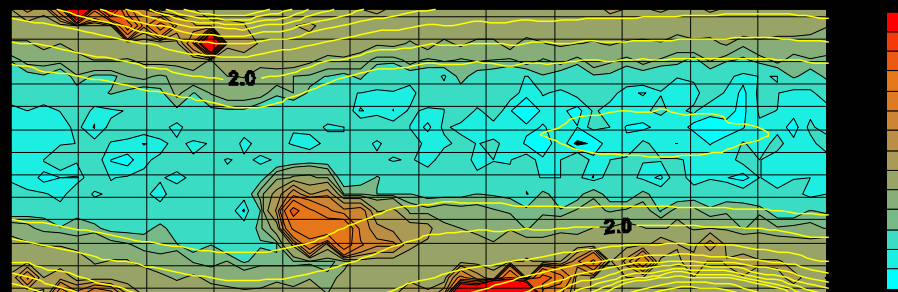
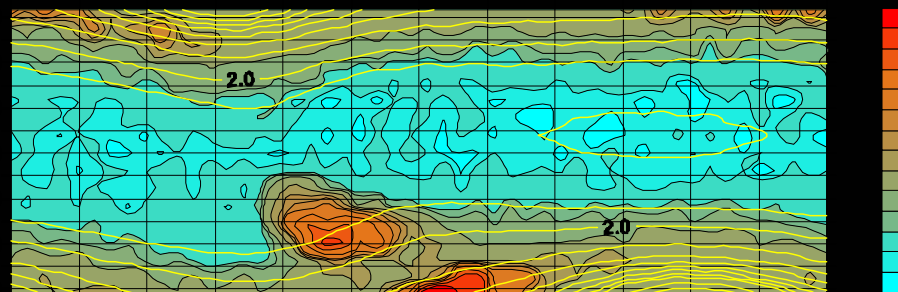


Foton M3 R3D-B3 60 s Exposition





Vergleich der globalen Strahlung auf Foton M2/M3 mit AE/AP Modellen



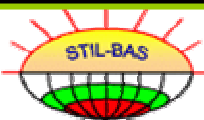
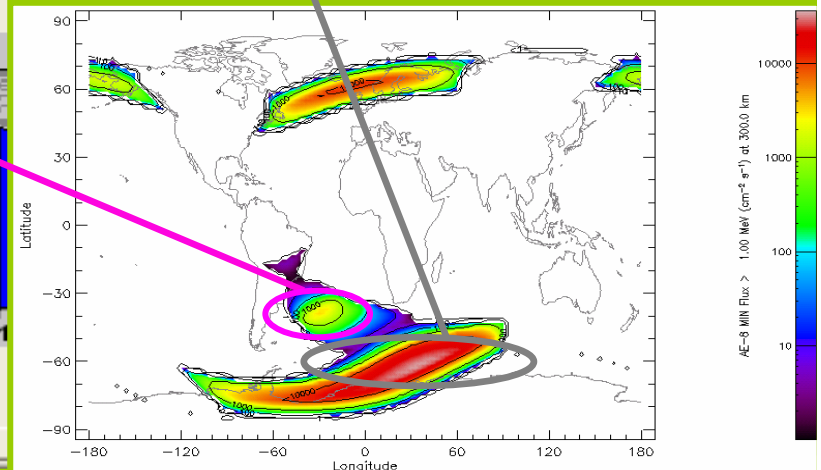
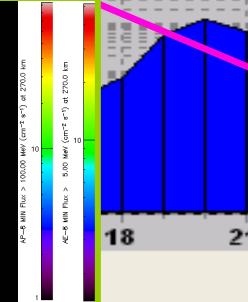
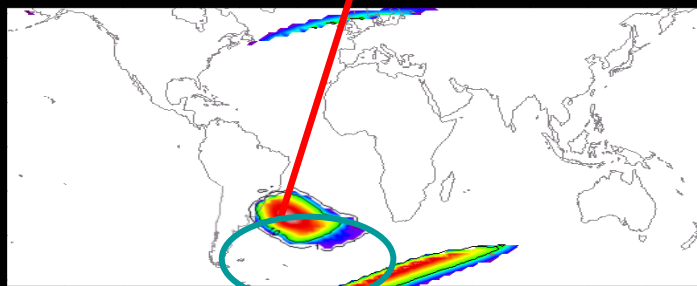
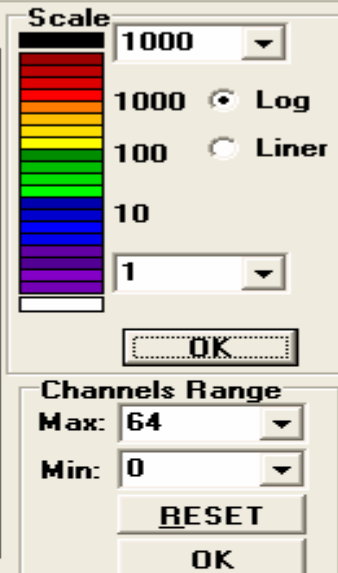
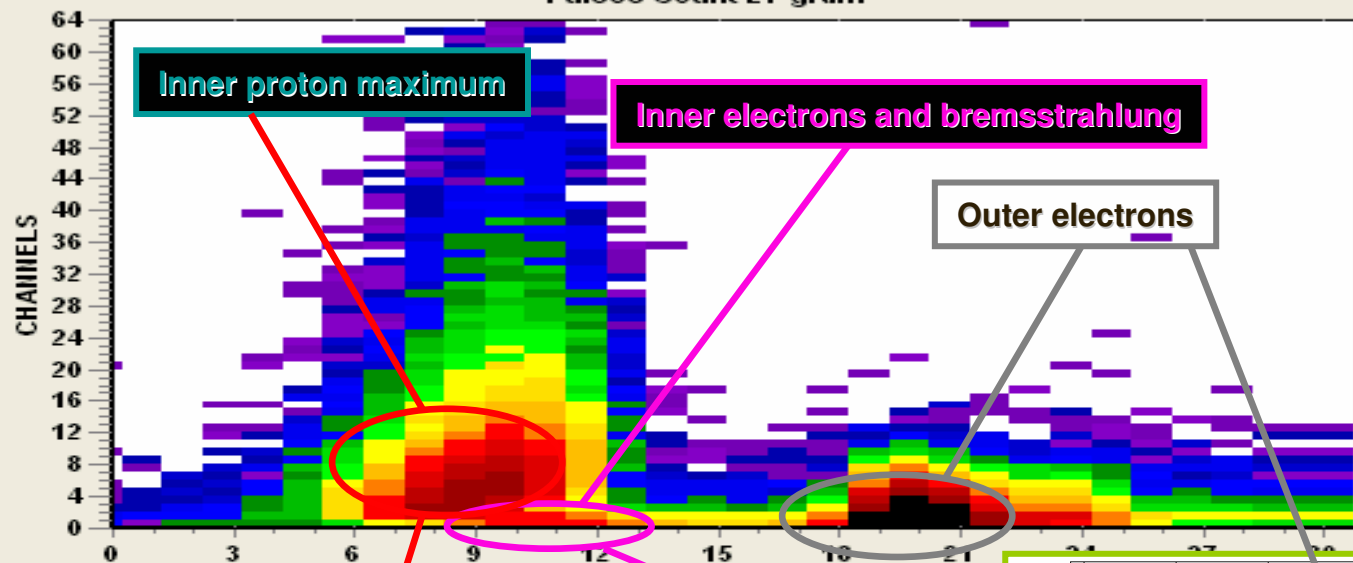
Südatlantische Anomalie



ETGraph

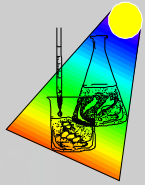
MDU-04 EXPOSITION = 60[sec]

Pulses Count ET-gram



Strahlen-/Astrobiologie Statusseminar 12./13. Juni 2008, Kiel





Dank

• Mitarbeiter

👤 M. Lebert
👤 O. Weisert
👤 M. Schuster
👤 P. Richter
👤 S. Strauch

• Förderung

\$ BMWi
\$ DLR
\$ ESA

• Partner

🏛️ Bulgarian Academy of Sciences
🏛️ DLR Köln
🏛️ Kayser-Threde

